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Date: Mon, Feb 3, 2020 at 2:46 PM

Subject: Virginia Department of Health-Information on the Coronavirus

To: <DSS_LICENSING@listserv.cov.virginia.gov>

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Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCoV) Briefing for Local Emergency Managers

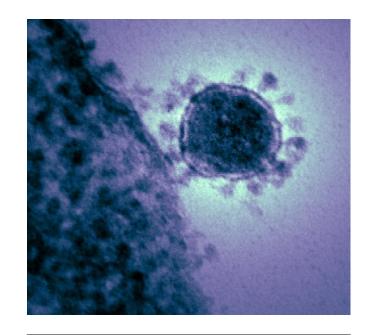
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State Epidemiologist
Director, Office of Epidemiology
Virginia Department of Health

January 31, 2020



Coronaviruses that Infect People

- 4 cause common cold symptoms
- 2 (SARS and MERS) cause severe lung infection
- Spread through coughing, sneezing or close personal contact
- Symptoms start 2-14 days after exposure



2019 Novel Coronavirus - still learning about it



2019-nCoV Compared to Past CoV Epidemics

CoV	Origin	Cases	Deaths
2019-nCoV As of 1/30/20*	Dec 2019 (China)	7,818	170 CFR = 2-4 %
MERS-CoV	2012 (Saudi Arabia)	2,494	858 CFR = 34 %
SARS-CoV	2002 (China)	8,098 (None since 2004)	774 CFR = 10%

^{*}Reported by the World Health Organization



How Contagious Is It?

Disease	R_0	
MERS-CoV	< 1	
Seasonal influenza	1-2	
2019-nCoV	Estimates as of 1/30/20: 1.4-3.0	
SARS-CoV	3	
Measles	12-18	



When Did the Outbreak Start?

Cluster of 44 cases of pneumonia announced in Wuhan 12/31/19 First exported case from China diagnosed 1/13/20

CDC developed rRT-PCR test 1/19/20













1/7/20 Novel coronavirus isolated in China 1/17/20
Entry
screening at
3 U.S.
airports
began

1/21/20 First U.S. case diagnosed



How Many People Are Sick?

1,320 6,065 44 cases 314 cases cases cases 1/3/20 1/21/20 1/25/20 1/29/20 1/20/20 1/24/20 1/27/20 11 countries countries countries

Confirmed Cases as of 1/30/20 Reported by the World Health Organization			
Total	7,818 cases		
China	7,736 cases; 170 deaths		
Outside of China	82 cases; 18 countries		
United States	6 cases		



Who Should Be Tested for 2019-nCoV?

As of 1/30/20

Patients who have:

Fever **AND** symptoms of lower respiratory illness (e.g., cough, difficulty breathing) **AND** in the last 14 days before symptom onset:

- History of travel from Wuhan, China OR
- Close contact with a person who is under investigation for 2019-nCoV while that person was ill

OR

Fever **OR** symptoms of lower respiratory illness (e.g., cough, difficulty breathing) **AND** in the last 14 days before symptom onset had close contact with an ill laboratory-confirmed patient with 2019-nCoV



What Is the Risk for Virginians at this Time?

- As of 1/30/20, 6 cases in the United States
 - WA, IL, CA (2), AZ (2)
 - More cases likely
- Not spreading in the community in the U.S.
- Immediate risk to general public is low
 - People exposed to ill persons are at greater risk family members and healthcare workers caring for patients with 2019nCoV
- Situation is evolving
 - Future risk will depend on how well the virus spreads and how sick it makes people



How Is the U.S. Responding?

- Public health entry screening at 20 U.S. airports
- CDC Level 3 Travel Advisory Avoid all nonessential travel to China
- Surveillance
- Diagnostic test developed
- Ongoing research for medicine to treat sick with 2019nCoV
- Started on vaccine development
- Information and guidance



How is VDH Responding?

- Established ICS structure to coordinate the public health response
 - Daily command meetings
 - Weekly situation reports
- Working closely with clinical providers and CDC EOC to find, isolate, and diagnose cases early to help prevent further spread
- Case managing patients who are being tested for the virus
- Identifying contacts of those patients



How is VDH Responding?

- Engaging with clinical providers, other state agencies and community partners to raise awareness and provide most current information
- Providing guidance for clinical providers and local health departments for case investigation, infection control and testing
- Developing an Incident Action Plan (IAP) in preparation for the potential of further spread within the U.S.



How is VDH Responding?

- Education and information
 - www.vdh.virginia.gov/coronavirus
 - Press releases
 - Plans in place to active statewide call center if necessary
 - Targeted outreach and education
 - Colleges and universities
 - Department of Education
 - Department of Emergency Management and local emergency managers
 - Virginia Hospital and Healthcare Association



What Should Emergency Managers Do?

- Maintain open lines of communication with your local health department through the District Health Director and District Emergency Coordinator
- Collaborate with local public health, EMS and healthcare partners
- Review emergency operations plan, continuity plan, etc.
- Maintain situational awareness through trusted sources
- Direct residents to <u>www.vdh.virginia.gov/coronavirus</u>



What Do EMS Providers Need to Know?

Obtain a travel history from patients with fever and acute respiratory illness

Infection Control

- For Patients Under Investigation (PUI), place a face mask on the patient as soon as possible
- Use standard precautions, contact precautions, and airborne precautions
- Use eye protection (goggles or face shield) when treating and transporting

Transport

- Transport to closest appropriate facility
- Place patient in an appropriate isolation room at the facility
- Hospitals should be notified before arrival that the patient is a PUI

Decontamination

- Use any EPA-registered hospital disinfectant on work surfaces and equipment
- Follow manufacturer's recommendations for use-dilution (i.e., concentration), contact time, and care in handling

Take Home Messages

- Rapidly evolving situation
 - Case counts will grow in the coming days and weeks
 - Interim guidance will change
- Vigilance, frequent communication, and coordination across healthcare, public health, emergency management and other partners is critical
- More to learn about virus source, transmission factors and risks
- Promote flu and respiratory infection prevention
- Updates will be communicated via <u>www.vdh.virginia.gov/coronavirus</u> as more information is available

Resources

Virginia Department of Health (VDH)

- 35 Local Health Districts
- www.vdh.virginia.gov/coronavirus
- Respiratory@vdh.virginia.gov

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-nCoV

World Health Organization (WHO)

 www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019



Thank you!

